Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1-5 (Cancelled)
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method of decomposing an organic azide, comprising: allowing an organic azide to contact a catalyst that comprises a <u>transition</u> metal halide, main group halide, mixed metal main group halide, or mixture thereof, wherein the organic azide has the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group, and wherein the catalyst comprises a transition metal halide.
- 7. (Original) A method as recited in claim 6, wherein the transition metal in the transition metal halide can have one or more formal oxidation states.
- 8. (Original) A method as recited in claim 6, wherein the transition metal in the transition metal halide is present in its highest formal oxidation state.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method of decomposing an organic azide, comprising: allowing an organic azide to contact a catalyst that comprises an iron halide or a mixture of iron halide and a second catalyst a metal halide, main group halide, mixed metal main group halide, or mixture thereof, wherein the organic azide has the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group, and wherein the catalyst comprises an iron halide or a mixture of iron halide and a second eatalyst.
 - 10. (Currently Amended) A method of decomposing an organic azide, comprising:

allowing an organic azide to contact a catalyst that comprises a transition metal chloride a metal halide, main group halide, mixed metal-main group halide, or mixture thereof, wherein the organic azide has the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group, and wherein the catalyst comprises a transition metal chloride.

- 11. (Original) A method as recited in claim 10, wherein the transition metal chloride comprises iron (III) chloride, iron (II) chloride, or a combination of iron (III) chloride and iron (II) chloride.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of decomposing an organic azide, comprising: allowing an organic azide to contact a catalyst that comprises an iron chloride in combination with a second catalyst a metal halide, main group halide, mixed metal main group halide, or mixture thereof, wherein the organic azide has the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group, and wherein the catalyst comprises an iron chloride in combination with a second catalyst.
- 13. (Previously Presented) A method of decomposing an organic azide, comprising: allowing an organic azide to contact a catalyst that comprises a metal halide, main group halide, mixed metal-main group halide, or mixture thereof, wherein the organic azide has the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group, and wherein the catalyst is dispersed on a support.
- 14. (Original) A method as recited in claim 13, wherein the support comprises a second organic halide decomposition catalyst.

15-21 (Cancelled)

- 22. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter comprising:
- (a) an organic azide having the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group; and
- (b) a catalyst capable of decomposing the organic azide, said catalyst comprising a transition metal halide.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter as recited in claim 22, wherein the transition metal in the transition metal halide can have one or more formal oxidation states.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter as recited in claim 22, wherein the transition metal in the transition metal halide is present in its highest formal oxidation state.
 - 25. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter comprising:
- (a) an organic azide having the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group; and
- (b) a catalyst capable of decomposing the organic azide, said catalyst comprising an iron halide or a mixture of iron halide and a second catalyst.
 - 26. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter comprising:
- (a) an organic azide having the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group; and
- (b) a catalyst capable of decomposing the organic azide, said catalyst comprising a transition metal chloride.

- 27. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter as recited in claim 26, wherein the transition metal chloride comprises iron (III) chloride, iron (II) chloride, or a combination of iron (III) chloride and iron (II) chloride.
 - 28. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter comprising:
- (a) an organic azide having the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group; and
- (b) a catalyst capable of decomposing the organic azide, said catalyst comprising an iron chloride in combination with a second catalyst.
 - 29. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter comprising:
- (a) an organic azide having the formula R-N₃, where R is an organic group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkyl amino, nitrogen-containing heterocyclic-substituted alkyl, and alkyl amine substituted with at least one alkyl azide group; and
- (b) a catalyst capable of decomposing the organic azide, said catalyst comprising at least one metal halide, main group halide, mixed metal-main group halide, or mixture thereof; and wherein the catalyst is dispersed on a support.
- 30. (Previously Presented) A composition of matter as recited in claim 29, wherein the support comprises a second organic halide decomposition catalyst.

31-33 (Cancelled)